- NEW-YORK DAILY TRIBURE, WEOMISDAY, DEGESSIER 4, 1811.

ferent States, impelled by the highest motives of benevolence and patriotism, have come in aid of the
constituted sanitary arrangements of the Government, and been greatly instrumental in diminshing
disease in the campe, giving increased comfort and
happiness to the life of the soldier, and imparting to
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character of the soldier, and our hospital service a more human of structure. Salubrity of situation and pleasantness of surroundings have dictated the choice of the hospital sites, and establishments for our sick and wounded, of which we have every reason to be proud, have been opened in St. Louis, Washington, Georgetown, Baltimore, and Annapolis, and will be attached to every division of the army in the field. To the close of the war, vigilant care shall be given by the close of the war, vigilant care shall be given by the close of the well soldier, and to the comfort and the well soldier, and to the comfort is now in process of construction.

call attention to the claims of a veteran officer, to whom, more than to any other, the Military Academy is indebted for its present prosperous and efficient condition. I allude to Col. Sylvanus Thayer of the Engineer Corps, who now, by reason of advanced years and faithful public services, is incapacitated for duty in the field. Under the recent law of Congress he may justly claim to be retired from active service; but, believing that his distinguished services should receive some mark of acknowledgment from the Government, I recommend that authority be asked to retire him upon his full pay and emoluments. The health of an army is a consideration of the highest consequence. Good men and women in different States, impelled by the highest motives of between early patriotism, have come in aid of the constituted sanitary arrangements of the Government public duties.

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rights and powers of war should be exercised to bring it to a speedy end.

Those who make war against the Government justly ferfeit all rights of property, privilege, or security, derreed from the Constitution and laws, against which they are in armed rebellion; and as the labor and service of their slaves constitute the chief property of the rebels, such property should share the common fate of war to which they have devoted the property of loyal citizens.

While it is plain that the slave property of the South is justly subjected to all the consequences of this rebellious war, and that the Government would be untrue to its trust in not employing all the rights and powers of war to bring it to a speedy close, the

To the clase of the war, 'quinter are sould be given beinded and fifty-seem miles of telepration to addresses of the sixt. I recommend that the system of promotions which I recommend that the system of the sixt is now in precess an appropriate production of the sixt is now in precess an appropriate promotion of the Long Bridge across the field. As you the tropy drawfulled by his State, and complaint is not unfrequently much that when the complaint is not unfrequently mught be that when the case of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility and disapprotes in military experiences and the system which is a specially. The advancement of ment should be the facility and disapprotes of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility and disapprotes of the sixty of the facility and disapprotes of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility and disapprotes of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility and disapprotes of the sixty of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility and disapprotes of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility of the sixty of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility of the sixty of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility of the sixty of the sixty of the sixty of the sixty. The advancement of ment should be the facility of the sixty of the

MEW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNE, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1861.

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Pont on Tybee Island, at the mouth of the Savannah River, resulted in the capture of that island and the strong Martello tower and battery that virtually remmands fort Pulaski. Our naval forces have possession of that island, a part of the South Atlantic squadren is at archor in the harbor, and the flag of the Union is again unfurled in Georgia. The dispatch of Flag-Officer Du Pont, communicating to the Navy Department an account of this transaction, and the additional fact that the rebels themselves have, in anticipation of our action, placed obstructions in the river at Fort Pulaski, is appended to the report.

Without specifying, in detail, the numerous meriterious archievements which have during the year of Vessels.

Without specifying, in detail, the numerous meriterious achievements which have during the year done honor to the mayal service, I append dispatches of the commanders, communicating the brave and heroic conduct which has been displayed by our navial efficient, sailors, and marines, whose intrevidity, courage, and loyalty were never more marked than in this rebellion.

Number of Vessels.

6 Supporting the sailors of the numerous meriterious conductions of the sail product of the sai

id available		No. of	- Marie Control of the Control of th
Name.	Clan.	guns.	Where stationed.
Pawnee	Screw Sloop	8	At Washington.
Crusader	Steamer	8	At New-York.
Mohawk	Steamer	5	At New-York
Supply	Storeship	4	At New York.
	Annual Contract of the Contrac	-	
vessels	Part of the second	25	verne revenue e e e e e e e e
The temate	ing vessels of	the se	madron were sta-

		Ordered	Put in	
		prepared.	Commis-	
Names.	Where.	for sea ser-	ready for officers	Sailed.
		vice with	and crew.	
Frigates.	aparta a	1801.	1861.	1861.
	New-York		July 30	Dept. 10
	. Philadelphia		Late in May	June 29
Shope.	Porte'h, N. I	1 April 11	May 27	June 20
avaonsb	New-York.	April 1	Jnne 1	July 10
	Philadelphia		May 18	June 8
	Beston		June 24	July 13
darion	Portamouth.	April 26	June 30	July 14

May 23 April 17

Number of Vestia.
6 Sulps-Chine.
7 Frigates.
2 Brigs.
3 Storeships.
6 Receiving ships, &c.
6 Screw frigates.
6 First-Class screw sloops.
4 First-Class screw sloops.
5 Third-class screw-sloops.
5 Third-class screw-sloops. 05,271

1,783 Number of Vessels.

Number of Vessels.

36 Side-wheel steamers.

43 Screw atsamers.

13 Ships.

24 Schooners.

15 Barks. Number of Vessels.

14 Screw sloops.

23 Guaboats

12 Side-wheel steamers.

3 Iron-diad steamers. Tuns. 16,787 11,661 6,400 4,630 41.448

Making a total of 264 vessels, 2,557 guns, and 218,-016 tuns. The aggregate number of seamen i service on the 4th of March last was 7,600, number is now not less than 22,000.

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The expenditure in fitting for sea service the vessels at the discount may, jurds, and repairing and